SHRIG.S.INSTITUTEOFTECHNOLOGYANDSCIENCE,INDORE (GOVERNMENT AIDED AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTE)

DEPARTMENTOF APPLIEDMATHEMATICS AND COMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE



Syllabi of PG Subjects

INDEX

S.No	Class	Semester	SubjectCode	SubjectNomenclature
1.	M.Sc.	I	MA 94105	ComputerAidedNumericalAnalysis
2.	M.Sc.	I	MA 94106	ComputerArchitecture
3.	M.Sc.	I	MA 94108	AdvanceDiscreteMathematicsandAlgebra
4.	M.Sc.	I	MA 94109	OrdinaryandPartialDifferentialEquations
5.	M.Sc.	II	MA 94205	MathematicalTheoryofComputation
6.	M.Sc.	II	MA 94206	DataProcessingand Computation
7.	M.Sc.	II	MA 94207	OperationsResearch
8.	M.Sc.	II	MA 94208	RealandComplex Analysis
9.	M.Sc.	III	MA 94301	FunctionalAnalysisandIntegralEquations
10.	M.Sc.	III	MA 94302	ObjectOrientedProgrammingSystems
11.	M.Sc.	III	MA94351	StatisticalQualityControl,StochasticProcessand Reliability
12.	M.Sc.	III	MA94370	Mathematical and Statistical Modelling

DEPARTMENTOFAPPLIEDMATHEMATICSANDCOMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.ISemester

MA94105: COMPUTERAIDED NUMERICALANALYSIS

PERIO	DPER W	EEK	CREDI	TS		MAX	IMUMM	ARKS		
Т	P	TU	T	P	TU	THEO	RY	PRACTI	CAL	TOTAL MARKS
						CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM	
4			4			30	70			100

COURSEOBECTIVES

To introduce the concept of numerical methods to solve algebraic, transcendental, difference and differential equations and Interpolation problems.

COURSEOUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Acquire knowledge of numerical analysis and fundamentals of programming.

CO2: Solve the algebraic, transcendental and system of linear equation using numerical methods.

CO3: Develop the concept of interpolation and apply it in finding the differentiation and integration.

CO4:Utilize the concept and applications of difference equations.

CO5: Apply the numerical methods to solve ordinary and partial differential equations.

- Unit-1Errors and approximations, Number representation, Numerical Analysis and numerical Methods, Numerical stability, ill condition and convergence, numerical algorithm and Numerical Flow Charts, an Introduction of MATLAB, overview of C features its use in Numerical Methods.
- Unit-2Solution of Algebraic and Transcendental Equations: Bisection (or Bolzano)method, method of false position, Newton Raphson method. Solution of Simultaneous algebraic equations: Direct method- Gauss Elimination method GaussJordanmethod, Iterative method-Jacobi's method, Gauss Seidalmethod.
- Unit-3Interpolation: Introduction, Interpolating polynomial, Missing term techniques, Newton's forward and backward interpolation formula, central differenceformula, Lagrange's interpolation formula for unequal distances. Numerical differentiation: derivatives from forward and backward interpolations, Numerical Integration: General quadrature formula, formulae derived from it.

Unit-4Difference equations: Definition, formation of difference equations, linear difference equations with constant coefficients. Difference equations reducible to linear form. Simultaneous difference equations with constant coefficient.

Unit-5Numerical solution of Ordinary Differential Equations: Initial value problem, Euler's method, Picard's method, Taylor's method, modified Euler's method, Runge method, Runge-Kutta method, Adams-Bashforth method, Milne's method. Numerical solution of Partial Differential Equations: Classification of second order equations, finite difference approximations to partial derivatives. Elliptic, Parabolic and Hyperbolic equations.

TextBooks

- 1. KSankaraRao, Numerical methods for Scientist and Engineers, Prentice Hallof India.
- 2. BalaguruswamyE.,Numericalmethods,TataMcGraw-HillPublishingCompany Ltd., New Delhi.

Referencebooks

- 1. PradeepNiyogi,NumericalAnalysisandAlgorithm,TataMcgraw-HillPublishing Com.Ltd, New Delhi.
- 2. JainN.K., Iyengar, S.R.K. and JainR.K., Numerical methods for scientificand Engineering Computations, Wile Eastern Ltd., 1984.
- 3. Steven C. Chapra and Raymond P. Candle, Numerical methods for Engineers, 5thedition, Tata McGraw hill publishing company Ltd., New Delhi 2006.

- 1. Internal Assessment for continuous evaluation, mid-term tests, tutorials, class performance, etc. (30%).
- 2. End semesterTheoryExam(70%)

DEPARTMENTOFAPPLIEDMATHEMATICSANDCOMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.ISemester MA94106:COMPUTERARCHITECTURE

Ī	PERIO	DDPER V	VEEK	C	REDITS			MAX	XIMUMN	IARKS			
ſ	T	P	TU	T	P	TU	TH	EORY	PRAC'	PRACTICAL			
							CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM	MARKS		
Ī	4			4			30	70			100		

COURSE OBJECTIVE

To introduce the concept of computer architecture, CPU organization, memory and pipeline processing.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Acquire the knowledge of number systems, general concepts of digital devices and their use in combinational and sequential logic circuit design and solve Boolean expression using Karnaugh map method.

CO2:Discuss the working process, structure and organization of various parts of a system memory hierarchy and CPU.

CO3: Identify the internal organization of DMA, Input/Outputs processor and relations between their main components.

CO4:Explain the advanced concepts of parallel processing, different types of Inter processor arbitration techniques, inter processor communication and synchronization.

CO5: Analyze the fundamentals concepts of pipeline processing, vector processing, array processing and RISC/CISC architectures.

COURSECONTENTS

- Unit-1Introductionto CA: Number system, Von Neumann Model, Digital devices: Logic gates, flip flops, Logic Design: Boolean Algebra, K-map, Method of simplification of Logic expression, Combinational & Sequential circuits.
- Unit-2CPU Organization :ALU , Control unit ,Registers, Memoryorganization, memory properties, Associative memory, Cache memory, machine language level, instruction types, Input Output Organization : I/O interface . Modes of transfer.
- Unit-3Memory:Memorymapped I/Oand I/Omapped I/O,programmed I/O,conceptsof interruptsandDMA, I/Oprocessors,concept ofhardwiredandmicroprogrammed control instruction.

Unit-4Introductiontoadvancedarchitecture:Parallelprocessing,Intreconnection structure

Interprocessor Arbitration : Serial , Parallek and Dynamic arbitration Procedure, Intreprocessor Communication and Synchronization, Cache Coherence.

Unit-5Pipeline processing: Concepts ,Arithmetic and Instruction Pipeline , Vector, and Arrayprocessing:vectoroperation,matrixmultiplication,memoryinterleaving, AttachedarrayProcessor,SIMDArrayProcessor.ComparisonofRISCanaCISC.

TextBooks

- 1. MorisMano,ComputerSystemArchitecture,PrenticeHallOfIndia.
- 2. WilliamStallings,ComputerOrganizationandArchitecture,7thEdition,PearsonEducation Prentice Hall of India, 2009.

ReferenceBooks

- 1. AndrewS.Tanenbaum,StructuredComputerorganizations,5thEdition,Pearson Education Prentice Hall of India, 2006.
- 2. A.P.Godse and D.A. Godse, ComputerArchitecture, 4thEdition, Technical Publications Pune, 2009.

- 1. Internal Assessment for continuous evaluation, midterm tests, seminar, tutorials, class performance, etc. (30%)
- 2. End semesterTheoryExam(70%)

DEPARTMENTOFAPPLIEDMATHEMATICSANDCOMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.ISemester

MA94108:ADVANCEDISCRETEMATHEMATICSANDALGEBRA

PERIO	DDPER V	VEEK	Cl	REDITS			MAX	XIMUMN	IARKS	
T	P	TU	Т	P	TU	TH	EORY	PRAC	TOTAL MARKS	
						CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM	
4			4			30	70			100

COURSE OBJECTIVE

To introduce the concept of algebra, lattices, graph theory and vector spaces.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Use the basic concepts of set theory, Boolean algebra and mathematical logic for analyzing prepositions.

CO2: Illustrate various graphs, solving minimal weight problems and shortest path problems using suitable algorithm in graph theory.

CO3: Evaluate basic properties of formal languages, grammars and finite automata.

CO4: Develop the concepts of ring theory and modules theory with their properties.

CO5: Apply basic theory of vector space in field extensions.

- Unit-1 Formal Logic :Basic preliminaries Sets , functions , relations(equivalence relations and poset) for logic and subsequent development; statements , symbolic representation and tautologies , Quantifiers , Predicates, Propositional and Predicate calculus, Proofs & method of proofs, Algebra and Lattices : Boolean expression , logic gates and circuits, karnaugh maps , Lattices, Distributive lattice.
- Unit-2 Graph Theory: Definition of (Undirected) Graphs, Paths, Circuits, Cycles & Subgraphs, Degree of Vertex, Connectivity, Complete regular and bipartite graphs and Complete Bipartite Graphs, Kuratowskis Theorem (Statement only) and its uses, planer graphs and their properties, Euler's formula for connected Planer Graphs, Graph colorings, directed graphs, Trees and Binary Trees, Spanning Trees, Cut-sets, Minimal Spanning Trees, Euler's Theorem on the existence of Eulerian paths and circuits, Directed Graphs, Indegree and Outdegree of a vertex, weigted undirected graphs, Matrix representation of Graph.
- Unit-3 Introduction to languages and Grammars, FSM & Automata.
- Unit-4 Algebra: Reviewof basic concepts of group theory.Rings: Somebasic concepts, Algebra over fields, ideals, Minimal, Maximal & prime ideals, PID and UFD, Euclidean domain, Polynomial rings. Modules: Definition of module, properties of modules, submodules, linear sum of two submodules, direct sum of submodules, homomorphism of modules, kernel of a homomorphism, cyclic modules

Unit-5 Vector space: Review of Basic Concepts . Field: Extension field, Algebraic and Transcendental Extension field, roots of Polynomial, finite field .

TextBooks

- 1. Herstein, I.N, Topicsin Algebra, Vikas Publications, Delhi-6, 1969.
- 2. SwapanK.Sarkar,ATextBookofDiscreteMathematics,S.Chand&Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.
- 3. S.LipschutzM.Lipson,Schaum'sOutlineofTheoryAndProblemsofDiscrete Mathematics,2nd edition Tata McGraw HilPublishing Company Ltd., New Delhi,1997.

Referencebooks

- 1. ArtinMichael, Algebra, PearsonEducation Inc., 2007.
- 2. S.A.Wiitala, Discrete Mathematics, AUnified Approach, McGraw Hill Company, Singapore, 1987.

- 1. Internal Assessment for continuous evaluation, midterm tests, seminar, tutorials, class performance, etc. (30%)
- 2. End semesterTheoryExam(70%)

DEPARTMENTOFAPPLIEDMATHEMATICSANDCOMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.ISemester MA94107:ORDINARYANDPARTIALDIFFRENTIALEQUATIONS

PERIO	DDPER V	VEEK	C	REDITS			MAX	XIMUMN	IARKS	
T	P	TU	T	P	TU	TH	EORY	PRAC	TOTAL MARKS	
						CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM	
4			4							100

COURSE OBJECTIVE

To introduce the concept of ordinary and partial differential equations, Power series solution, and Laplace and Fourier transform methods for solving ODE and PDE.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Solve the problems based on existence and uniqueness of solutions of an initial value problem of first order using the concept of Lipschitz condition.

CO2: Develop the concepts of existence and uniqueness of solutions of an initial value problem of n-th order linear differential equations and apply Wronskian and its properties to analyze linear dependence of solutions.

CO3: Classify PDE and solve their canonical form.

CO4: Apply and solve PDE in various coordinate systems using the method of separation of variables.

CO5: Acquire the knowledge of Green's function and its applications in solving Laplace, Wave equation and Helmholtz theorem.

- Unit-1 Theory of Ordinary Differential Equation: Existence & Uniqueness for Ordinary Differential Equation, Wronskian and Linear independence, Initial value problem for nth order differential equation, Linear equations with variable coefficients, Lipschitz condition.
- Unit-2 PowerSeries, Methodforsolution of legendre, Bessel Lagurre equations.
- Unit-3 Fundamental concepts of partial differential equation, Elliptic differential Equations, Parabolic Differential equations, Hyperbolic Differential Equations.
- Unit-4 Green's Functions: Introduction, Green's Function for Laplace Equation, Green's Function for the Wave Equation-Helmholtz Theorem.
- Unit-5 LaplaceandFouriertransformmethodsforsolvingOrdinaryDifferential Equationand Partial Differential Equation.

- 1. SankaraRao, K., Introduction to Partial Differential Equations, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi 1997.
- 2. ZafarAhsan, Differential Equations and theirApplication, Prentice-Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.

Referencebooks

- 1. Kapoor N. M., A text book of Differential equation, Pitamber Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1998.
- 2. FriedrichSauvigny,PartialDifferentialEquations,SpringerLondonHeidelberg2006.

- 1. Internal Assessment for continuous evaluation, midterm tests, seminar, tutorials, class performance, etc. (30%)
- 2. End semesterTheoryExam(70%)

DEPARTMENTOFAPPLIEDMATHEMATICSANDCOMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.IISemester MA94205:MATHEMATICALTHEORYOFCOMPUTATION

PERIO	DDPER V	VEEK	C	REDITS			MAX	XIMUMN	IARKS			
T	P	TU	Т	P	TU	TH	EORY	ORY PRACTICAL				
						CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM			
4			4			30	70			100		

COURSE OBJECTIVE

To introduce the concept of sets, graphs, automata, context free languages and turing machines

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Acquire the knowledge of basic concepts of set theory, graphs, preposition and predicate calculus.

CO2: Create the ideas of finite automata and its different types together with formal languages and grammars, regular grammar and regular languages.

CO3: Use the fundamental concepts and properties of context-free languages, context-free grammar and solve various problems by applying normal form techniques for context free-grammars.

CO4: Analyze and design Pushdown Automata machine for given CF language.

CO5: Gain deeper knowledge of Turing machines and solve computational problems regarding their computability and complexity.

- Unit-1 Introduction: Review of sets, Relations and Functions, Graphs, Trees, Principal of Induction, Languages and Grammers-Fundamental Concepts, Preposition and Predicate Calculus.
- Unit-2 Theory of Automata :- Definition of Automata; Description of finite Automata-Deterministic finite Accepters (DFAs), Non Deterministic finite Accepters (NFAs),Regular expression, Regular Grammars and Languages, Properties of RegularLanguages, Pumping Lemma forRegular Languages.
- Unit-3 Context Free Languages:-Context free-grammars and Derivation Trees, Parsingand ambiguity, Normal form for Context free-grammars -Chomsky and Greibach normal form, Pumping Lemma for Context Free languages, Properties of Context Free languages.

- Unit-4 PushdownAutomata:-BasicDefinitionofPushdownAutomata,Non Deterministic Pushdown Automata and Deterministic Pushdown Automata, Pushdown Automata and Context Free languages.
- Unit-5 Turing Machines:-Definition of a Turing Machine, Turing Machine as Language, Accepters, Turing's Thesis, Universal Turing Machine, Linear Bounded Automata, Computational complexity theory-P and NP Problems.

- 1. PeterLinz,AnIntroductiontoFormalLanguagesandAutomata,2ndEdition,Narosa Publishing House, 1997.
- 2. K.L.P.Mishra,N.Chandrasekaran,TheoryofComputerScienceAutomata,Languageand Computation, 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2007.

Referencebooks

- 1. H.R. LewisandC.H.Papadimitriu, Elements of the theory of Computations, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi; 1999.
- 2. Robert N. Moll, Michael A. Arbib, A. J. Kfoury, An introduction to formal language theory, Springer Verlag, New York, 1988.
- **3.** MichaelSipser,IntroductiontotheTheoryofComputations,PWSPublishing Company, Boston, 1997.

- 1. Internal Assessment for continuous evaluation, midterm tests, seminar, tutorials, class performance, etc. (30%)
- 2. End semesterTheoryExam(70%)

DEPARTMENTOFAPPLIEDMATHEMATICSANDCOMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.IISemester MA94206:DATAPROCESSINGANDCOMPUTATION

PERIO	ODPER V	VEEK	Cl	REDITS			MAX	XIMUMN	IARKS			
T	P	TU	Т	P	TU	THI	EORY	PRAC'	PRACTICAL			
						CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM			
4			4			30	70			100		

COURSE OBJECTIVE

To introduce the concept of data models, Structured Query Language (SQL),network and hierarchical data model and data base methodologies

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Acquire the knowledge of basic concepts of various data model used in database design.

CO2: Design ER modeling, relational modeling and apply relational database theory to describe relational algebra expression.

CO3: Write SQL queries to retrieve information from databases and develop the concepts and importance of indexing, view and sequences.

CO4: Analyze the basic concepts of Normalization theory, network and hierarchical data models.

CO5: Use the concept of transaction processing, concurrency control and recovery system in database.

- Unit-1 Basics concepts, Data Models: Categories Schema, Instances and database state, Databasearchitecture and data independence, database languages.
- Unit-2 Data Models: Entity relationships models, Relational Data Models, Relational algebra: Basic Relational algebra operations.
- Unit-3 Structured Query languages (SQL): Data Types, Basic Queries in SQL, insert, delete & update statements in SQL, indexing, sequences and VIEW in SQL.(LAB).
- Unit-4 NetworkandHierarchicaldatamodels,Normalization theory.
- Unit-5 Database methodologies and DBA, Transaction Management: Basic concepts of Transactions, Concurrency Control and Recovery system, Query Processing.

- 1. RamezElmasriandShamkantB.Navathe,FundamentalsofDatabaseSystems,7th Edition, Pearson, 2016.
- 2. H.FKorth, A.Silberchatzand S.Sudarshan, Database Systems Concepts, 6th Edition McGraw Hill, 2010.

Referencebooks

- 1. J.DWaldmenGalgolia, Principles of Database Systems, 1984.
- **2.** Fundamentals of Database Management System, Renu Wig and EktaWalia, Indian Society for Technical Education, New Mehrauli Road, New Delhi-110016.

- 1. Internal Assessment for continuous evaluation, midterm tests, seminar, tutorials, class performance, etc. (30%)
- 2. End semesterTheoryExam(70%)

DEPARTMENTOFAPPLIEDMATHEMATICSANDCOMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.IISemester MA94207:OPERATIONSRESEARCH

PERIO	DDPER V	VEEK	C	REDITS			MAX	XIMUMN	IARKS	
T	P	TU	Т	P	TU	TH	EORY	TOTAL MARKS		
						CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM	
4			4			30	70			100

COURSE OBJECTIVE

To introduce operation research for solving assignment, transportation, sequencing, Dynamic and Non-Linear Programming problems.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Formulate and solve linear programming problems using graphical, Simplex, dual Simplex and Big M methods.

CO2: Solve Assignment, Transportation and Game Theory problems.

CO3: Apply sequencing and scheduling problems.

CO4: Utilize the basic concepts related to information theory and its applications.

CO5: Construct and apply dynamic programming problems and non-linear programming problems.

- Unit-1 Introduction to Operations research, Mathematical formation of Linear Programming problems, Graphical solution as two phase method ,Linear Programming problems, Simplex method, Big M method, Duality in linear programming, Dual simplex method, degeneracy.
- Unit-2 Assignment and Transportation problems, Game theory: Simple and mixed strategy game, two persons zero sum games, Dominance property.
- Unit-3 Sequencing and scheduling: Sequencing problem with n jobs and m machines, optimal sequence algorithm, Critical path determination by CPM and PERT methods.
- Unit-4 Information Theory: Basics ideas, Communication system, Noisy and noiseless channel, Channel matrix, Mathematical Definition of information, Measure of uncertainty and properties of entropy function, Channel capacity, efficiency and redundancy encoding, Shannon Fano method.

Unit-5 Dynamic and Non-linear programming: Concept of dynamic programming, decision tree and Bellman's principle of optimality, Solution of problem with finite number of stages, minimum path problem. Lagrangian method, Kuhn-Tucker conditions, Quadratic programming.

TextBooks

- 1. Taha H.A, Operations Research: An Introduction, Mc Millian Co., New York.
- 2. Gupta, Kanti Swaroop, Gupta P.K. and Manmohan, Operations Research, Sultan Chand and Sons, New Delhi.

Referencebooks

- 1. R.Pannerselvam, Operations Research, Prentice Hallof India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. S.D. Sharma, Operations Research, KedarNath &Co. Meerut.

- 1. Internal Assessment for continuous evaluation, midterm tests, seminar, tutorials, class performance, etc. (30%)
- 2. End semesterTheoryExam(70%)

DEPARTMENTOFAPPLIEDMATHEMATICSANDCOMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.IISemester MA94208:REALAND COMPLEXANAYSILS

PERIO	OPER WI	EEK	CREDIT	ΓS		MAX	IMUMM	ARKS		
Т	P	TU	T	P	TU	THEO	RY	PRACTIO	CAL	TOTAL MARKS
						CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM	
4			4			30	70			100

COURSE OBJECTIVE

To introduce the concept of Fourier Series, Real and Complex Analysis.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Acquire the knowledg of measurable sets, measurable functions and Lebesgue integration.

CO2: Develop the concepts of Fourier series with its convergent criteria and consequences of Riemann- Lebesgue theorem.

CO3: Use the concept of analytic functions, conformal mappings and their properties, application of mean value property, Poisson and Schwartz's theorem.

CO4: Solve the integration of function of complex variable using Cauchy's theorem and integral formula.

CO5: Explain the concept of Cauchy residue theorem and its application.

- Unit-1 Measure theory, function of bounded variation, measurable non-measurable sets, Borel sets, measurable functions, lebesgue integral for bounded function over aset of finite measure, lebesgue integral for unbounded function, theorems on convergence in measure, lebsegue class L^P.
- Unit-2 Fourier series: Convergent criteria of Fourier series, Convergent problem, Dirichlet's Conditions, Riemann-Lebesgue Theorem and its Consequences and Fourier analysis.
- Unit-3 Concept of analytic function, C-R equations and harmonic functions, analytic function, the mean value property, Poisson's formula, Schwarz's theorem and the reflection principle. Conformality, linear transformation and Conformal mapping: areas and closed curves analytic function in regions, conformal mappings, the S.G.S.I.T.S./Syllabus/2018-2019

linear groups, cross-ratio symmetry and oriented circles, use of level surface.

- Unit-4 ComplexIntegration:Cauchy's theoremfor for a circular disk. The index of a point with respect to a closed curve, Cauchy's integral formula.
- Unit-5 The general form of Cauchy's theorem and calculus of residues: chains and cycles, simple connectivity, Exact differentials in simply connected regions, Residue theorem, Elementary idea of Riemann mapping theorem, The Monochromy theorem, Branch points.

TextBooks

- 1. AlhforsL.V.,ComplexAnalysis(3rdEdition),McGrawHill,Inc.Singapore,1979.
- 2. RoydenH.L.,Real Analysis(^{3rd}Edition),CollierMacmillanInternational,New York, 1987.

Referencebooks

- 1. S E.C.Titchmarsh,TheTheoryof Functions,2nd edition,OxfordUniversity Press,London,1939.
- 2. SinghBijendra,KaranjgaokarVarsha,ChandelR.S.,ComplexAnalysis,GauraPustakSada n , Agra.

- **1.** Assessmentforcontinuousevaluation,mid-termtests,seminar,tutorials,classperformance, etc. (30%).
- 2. End semesterTheoryExam(70%).

DEPARTMENTOFAPPLIEDMATHEMATICSANDCOMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.IIISemester MA94301:FUNCTIONALANALYSISANDINTEGRALEQUATIONS

PERIO	DDPER V	VEEK	C	REDITS			MAX	XIMUMN	IARKS	
T	P	TU	Т	P	TU	TH	TOTAL MARKS			
						CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM	
4			4			30	70			100

COURSE OBJECTIVE

To introduce the concepts of Topological space, Normed linear space, Hilbert space, Finite dimensional spectral theory and Integral Equations.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Acquire the knowledge of continuous functions, homeomorphisms, compact spaces, connected spaces and separation axioms over various topological spaces.

CO2: Explain the proof and application of some famous theorems as; Hahn-Banach theorem, closed graph theorem and Uniform bounded principle in functional analysis.

CO3: Analyze the concept of Hilbert space and its properties, application of Bessel's inequality, Riesz representation theorem.

CO4: Use the concept of various operators with their properties, application of spectral theorems and fixed-point theory.

CO5: Solve the problems on integral equation and use of green's function in boundary value problem.

- Unit-1 Topological Space : Definition, Open Set, Closed Set, Neighbourhood , filter , Countable Space, Separation axioms, Continuous mapping, Homomorphism, Connectedness and Compactness.
 - Unit-2 NormedLinearSpaces:Branchspace,Quotientspace,continuouslineartransformation, Hahn Banach theorem and its consequences, Conjugate space and separability. The Natural imbedding of the normed linear closed graph theorem, The uniform boundedness principle.
 - Unit-3 Hilbert Spaces: Definition and some of its properties, orthonormal complements, the projection theorem, orthonormal sets. The Bessel'sinequality, Fourierexpansionandparseval'sequation(withoutproof)Rieszrepresentation theorem.

- Unit-4 Finite Dimensional Spectral Theory: Basic preliminary definitions of adjoint of an operator, self adjoint operators, normal and unitary operators, And their properties. Projections, the spectral theorem, fixed-point theory and its applications.
- Unit-5 Integral Equations: Preliminary concepts, formulation of integral equations, and classification of linear integral equations. Integral differential equations, conversions of ordinary differential equations to integral equations. Solutions of integral equations with separable kernels. Characteristics number and eigen functions, fredholm determinant method. Construction of Green's functions andits use in solving the boundary value problems, reductions of B.V. problems to integral equations. Resolvant kernel of the integral equations, method of successive approximation, convolution type kernels integral transform methods.

- 1. B.k. Lahiri, Elements of functional analysis, Theworldpress Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta, 1982.
- 2. KarsnovM., KiselvA., MakAernkog, Problems and Exercise in Integral Equations.

Referencebooks

- 1. A.H.Siddhiqui,FunctionalAnalysis.WithApplications,TataMcGrawHillPublishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1986.
- 2. G.F. Simmons, "Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis," McGraw Hill Book Company, Inc., New York, 1963.

- 1. Internal Assessment for continuous evaluation, seminar, mid-term tests, tutorials, class performance, etc. (30%).
- 2. End semesterTheoryExam(70%)

DEPARTMENTOFAPPLIEDMATHEMATICS AND COMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.IIISemester MA94302:OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING SYSTEMS

PERIO	ODPER V	VEEK	Cl	REDITS			MAX	XIMUMN	IARKS			
Т	P	TU	Т	P	TU	TH	EORY	PRAC'	TICAL	TOTAL MARKS		
						CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM			
4			4			30	70		SEM			

COURSE OBJECTIVE

The objective of the course is to develop skills such as program design and testing as well as the implementation of programs using object-oriented features.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Use the basic concepts and importance of object oriented programming system, difference between structured oriented and object oriented programming features.

CO2: Apply the concepts of objects, classes, function overloading, operator overloading for developing programs.

CO3: Develop the concepts of inheritance, polymorphism and its different types.

CO4: Investigate principles and different methods of object-oriented analysis and design.

CO5: Acquire the knowledge of basic aspects of object-oriented program testing with its different methods, techniques of Rapid Prototyping and UML.

- Unit-1 Introduction to Object Oriented Programming fundamentals, Comparison with procedural programming, Basic concepts of object oriented programming, Merits and demerits of OO methodology, Elements of the object model.
- Unit-2 Object oriented concepts: Concepts of objects and classes, attributes and methods, Access modifiers, static member of a class, Instances, Message passing, Constructors and destructor, data abstraction, encapsulation and data hiding.
- Unit-3 Inheritance: purpose and its types, Polymorphism: Introduction, Method of overriding and overloading, compile time and run time polymorphism.
- Unit-4 Introduction to object oriented analysis and design: Design concepts, use cases, class diagrams, State Transition diagrams, object diagrams.
- Unit-5 Rapid prototyping: Overview, method process and techniques, object oriented testing: Concepts, methods, UML pattern. S.G.S.I.T.S./Syllabus/2018-2019

- **1.** GradyBooch,ObjectedOrientedAnalysisandDesignwithApplications,Addison Wesley, 2nd Edition California 1994.
- 2. Balaguruswamy,ObjectOrientedProgrammingusingC++,TataMc-Grawpublication,1995.

Referencebooks

- 1. JamesMartin, Principles of Object Oriented Analysis and Design, Prentice Hall.
- 2. Timothy A. Budd, An Introduction to Object Oriented Programming, 3rdEdition,Pearson Education,2008.

- 1. Internal Assessment for continuous evaluation, mid-term tests, seminars, tutorials, class performance, etc. (30%)
- 2. End semesterTheoryExam(70%)

DEPARTMENT OF APPLIED MATHEMATICS AND COMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.IIISemester

MA94351: STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL, STOCHASTIC PROCESS AND RELIABILITY

Ī	PERIO	DDPER V	VEEK	C	REDITS			MAX	XIMUMN	1ARKS	
	T	P	TU	T	P	TU	TH	EORY	PRAC	TICAL	TOTAL MARKS
							CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM	
Ī	4			4			30	70			100

COURSE OBJECTIVE

To introduce the concept of simulation techniques to implement the markov process, neural network and fuzzy system.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Examine the concept of reliability to analyze the system failures.

CO2: Design and utilize the sampling techniques to test the hypothesis.

CO3: Analyze the quality control of data using statistical method.

CO4: Explain the fundamental concepts of control charts and causes of variation.

CO5: Use the concept of stochastic process to predict the future.

COURSE CONTENTS

Unit-1	Reliability: Introduction, A Brief idea of random variable, sample space
	probability distributions, evaluation of system reliability.

- Unit-2 Sampling Theory: Sampling distribution, law of large number and central limit theorem, theory of estimation, Test of Hypothesis.
- Unit-3 Statistical Quality Control: Aims, Objectives and advantages of SQC, Techniques of SQC, Control charts for variables and attributes, Process capabilities.
- Unit-4 Acceptance Sampling: Definition, Acceptance, Sampling Plans: Single, Double and sequential sampling plans, Operating Characteristics Curves (O.C.), producer's and consumer's risk. A brief idea of Taguchi method.
- Unit-5 Stochastic Process: Classification of stochastic process, Autocorrelation function. Poissonian process-Queuing and birth and death process; Markovian process. Renewal theory.

S.G.S.I.T.S./Syllabus/2018-2019

- 1. A. Baisnaband M. Jana, Elements of Probability and Statistics, Tata MacGrawHill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 1993.
- 2. RameshSircar,StatisticalTechniquesandApplications,NewControlBookAgency, 8/1, Chintaman Das Lane, Calcutta.

Referencebooks

- 1. BalaguruSwamy,ATextBookofReliability,TataMc-GrawHilleducation Pvt.Ltd.2002
- 2. Papoulis, Athanasios, Probability, Random Variables and Stochastic Process, Mcgraw Hill Book Co., 2014.

- 1. Internal Assessment for continuous evaluation,,mid-term tests, seminars, tutorials, classperformance, etc. (30%)
- 2. End semesterTheoryExam(70%)

DEPARTMENTOFAPPLIEDMATHEMATICSANDCOMPUTATIONAL SCIENCE M.Sc.IIISemester MA94370:MATHEMATICALAND STATISTICALMODELLING

PERIODPER WEEK			CREDITS			MAXIMUMMARKS				
T	P	TU	Т	P	TU	THEORY		PRACTICAL		TOTAL MARKS
						CW	END SEM	SW	END SEM	
4			4			30	70			100

COURSE OBJECTIVE

To introduce the concept of reliability, sampling theory, statistical quality control and stochastic process.

COURSE OUTCOMES

After completing this course student will be able to

CO1: Design and apply the modeling and simulation techniques to a variety of engineering problems.

CO2: Acquire the knowledge of Markov chain and reliability for quality improvement of manufactured products and components.

CO3: Gain deeper the concepts of artificial neural networks and apply training algorithms to solve the formalized problem using neural network models.

CO4: Use neural networks for practical applications such as character recognition and acquire concept of neural dynamical models.

CO5: Discuss basic knowledge of fuzzy sets and fuzzy logic and apply it for practical application.

- Unit-1 Simulation Method: Definition of simulation, application of simulation methods, Monte Carlo Methods and its applications, Evolutionary Techniques.
- Unit-2 MarkovProcess:Application toReliabilityandother problems.
- Unit-3 Neural Network: Basic Idea, Artificial neural network and its building blocks, Terminologies learning rules, back propagation network and its rule, feedback network, Adaline and madaline network, Neurons as function of single monotocity, single and multiplayer neural network, neural dynamical systems and state spaces, neural dynamic, activation models, additive neuronal dynamics.
- Unit-4 Neural Network(contd.): Passive membrane decay, Perceptrons LMS Algorithms, linear stochastic approximation, The back propagation, Functional link network.

Unit-5 Fuzzy System: Definition of Fuzzy sets and set operations, Brief idea of theoryof possibility, Fuzzy functions, Fuzzy Algebra, Brief idea of fuzzy statistics, Brief idea of modeling of system under uncertain environments.

TextBooks

- 1. S.N.Sivananda, S.Sumathi, S.N.Deepa, Introduction to Neural Network using matlab 6.0, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
- 2. Ganesh,IntroductiontoFuzzy SetsandFuzzy Logic,PrenticeHallofIndiaLtd.,New Delhi, 2006.

Referencebooks

- $1.H. Simon, Neural Networks and Learning Machines 3^{rd} Edition, Prentice Hall, Canada~2008.$
- 2. K.K.Vinoth, Neural Network and Fuzzy Logic, 1st Edition, KATSON Book, 2009.

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